

Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXIII.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1834.

NO. 3781.

Newport Mercury.

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WM. & J. H. BARBER,
No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

TERMS.

Two Dollars per annum—\$1 in advance.
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School-Books, &c.

Wm. & J. H. Barber,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
SCHOOL-BOOKS of every kind in use in Town and Country, consisting of Geographies of every kind, viz. Olney's, Cummings, Woodbridge's and Morse's do.; Colburn's Arithmetic, Smith's and Murray's Grammar; Allen's, Webster's, Murray's and Cummings's Spelling-Books, &c. &c.

LIKEWISE,
Writing Paper from \$20 to \$3 per ream; Letter Do. of various kinds. **ALSO,**
ACCOUNT BOOKS,
Of every description, and price.
Nov. 6, 1833.

Dr. DAVID KING, Jun.

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional services to the Public—Office No. 7, Pelham Street.
Newport, August 30.

NOTICE.

THE TAPE and CALICO Trade, as carried on this Town, having now turned to a Starving concern,

TILLEY,

order (if possible) to ward off the devious muldly, is obliged to resort to her means for a support, and has concluded the

HATS,

With the DRY GOODS Trade. **JUST OPENED.**
Superb Sattin BEAVERS—Elegant Beavers, and an Assortment of Common HATS.
His motto is "CHEAP."
TILLEY has a complete Assortment of BONNETS.

FOR SALE.

THE BRIG EAGLE, now lying at Sayer's Wharf, buthen 99 56 95ths Tons, carries 800 bbls. 5 years old, can be fitted for sea at a little expense. For terms, apply to

ALLEN D'WOLF, or
JOSHUA SAYER.
Newport, Sept. 6.

FARM, FOR SALE.

THE FARM, next adjoining the South-west end of the Island, about 3 miles from the compact part of the Town, containing Three Hundred and Four Acres of land, with a large and convenient two-story Dwelling House, containing 4 rooms on the lower floor, one of which is 15 by 17 feet, and two of 17 by 20; five chambers on the 2d story, on a large Barn, crib, sheds, ice house, &c. &c.—It has an excellent sea weed privilege is bounded on the west by the entrance of the Harbor, which affords fine fishing ground, &c.—For terms, apply to
S. F. GARDNER.
Newport, Sept. 6.

For Sale.

THE ESTATE of the Subscriber in Newport, consisting of a House and Lot, in which he now resides; on the Hill, in Mill-street, between the residence of Gov. Gibbs, and Mrs. Gilliat.—The House is in good repair, with a fine well of water and outhouses, and is eligible for a gentleman's summer residence, or for a Boarding-House, being in the most airy and fashionable section of the town. **ALSO,** The Rope Walk, back of the Town, on the road leading to the beach, for many years used and occupied by the Subscriber, with all necessary machinery, implements, &c. for carrying on the Rope-making business.—A full title, in fee simple, will be given. For terms, &c. apply to
EDWARD BRINTLEY.
Newport, August 30.

HEAVY Broadcloths and Cassimeres just received and for Sale Cheap
TILLEY'S.

MADEIRA WINE.

FINEST Old London Particular Madeira WINE, brand of J. Howard March & Co. in Pipes, half Pipes, and Qr. Casks, imported per brig Sea Bird, and for Sale by

GEORGE ENGS.
Newport, Sept. 13.

Mr. Hunter's Estate,

IN WASHINGTON-STREET.
THE offers of purchasers not being as yet adequate to its value—especially with a view to the prospective rise of Real Estate in Newport, and particularly of this Estate.—It is now offered to be Let or Leased.—For terms, apply without loss of time, to
WILLIAM HUNTER.
Newport, Sept. 20.

FOR SALE.
34 SHARES in the ARCADE BANK in Providence.—Apply to
WM. LOVIE.
Newport, Sept. 20.

A NEW ARTICLE in the Bonnet trade Just received at
TILLEY'S.

TO LET,

And Possession given immediately.
A Large and convenient Dwelling-House in Spring Street, recently occupied by Robert Johnston, Esq.—For terms, apply to
DAVID KING.
Newport, August 23.

FOR SALE,

THE four story BRICK STORE, and Lot, corner of Thames and Pelham-Streets, substantially built with a new Roof placed on it last year.—For terms, apply to
N. G. BOSS.
Newport, August 9.

New-York and Boston Steam Boat Company.
Fare from NEWPORT, \$5 and found.

ARRANGEMENT FOR

MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS.
THE splendid Steam-Packets PRESIDENT, Capt. E. S. BUNKER, and BENJ. FRANKLIN, Capt. R. B. COLEMAN, will leave on the following days:

Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Monday, Sept. 1	Wednesday, Sept. 4
Friday, 5	Monday, 8
Wednesday, 10	Friday, 12
Monday, 15	Wednesday, 17
Friday, 19	Monday, 22
Wednesday, 24	Friday, 26
Monday, 29	

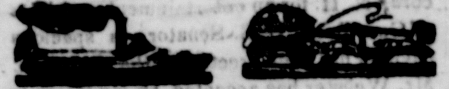
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Wednesday, Sept. 4	Monday, Sept. 1
Monday, 8	Friday, 5
Friday, 12	Wednesday, 10
Wednesday, 17	Monday, 15
Monday, 22	Friday, 19
Friday, 26	Wednesday, 24
	Monday, 29

The Boats will leave Providence at 12 M. Newport at 2 P. M. and New-York at 4 P. M.
Sept. 2, 1834.

Arrangement for SEPT'R.

Fare from NEWPORT, \$5, and found.



THE Steamer BOSTON, Capt. WM. COMSTOCK, and the Steamer PROVIDENCE, Capt. SKELTON TRAVELER, will continue running in the following order.

Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Tuesday, Sept. 2	Thursday, Sept. 4
Saturday, 6	Tuesday, 9
Thursday, 11	Saturday, 13
Tuesday, 16	Thursday, 18
Saturday, 20	Tuesday, 23
Thursday, 25	Saturday, 27
Tuesday, 30	

BOSTON.

Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Thursday, Sept. 4	Tuesday, Sept. 6
Tuesday, 9	Saturday, 11
Saturday, 13	Thursday, 16
Thursday, 18	Saturday, 20
Tuesday, 23	Thursday, 25
Saturday, 27	Tuesday, 30

The Boats will leave Providence at 12 o'clock M.; Newport at 2 P. M.; and New-York at 4 P. M.—The above Boats are propelled by low pressure Engines, and heavy copper boilers.
Sept. 2, 1834.

CLOTHS for Ladies Cloaks, in Variety and Cheap, at
TILLEY'S.

TILLEY has just received a complete Assortment of Cottons.

A N Assortment of Woolen GOODS, Just opened at
TILLEY'S.

POETRY.

FEMALE FAITH.

BY MISS L. E. LONDON.

She loved you when the sunny light
Of bliss was on your brow;
That bliss has sunk in sorrow's night,
And yet—she loves you now.

She loved you when your joyous tone
Taught every heart to thrill;
The sweetness of that tongue is gone,
And yet—she loves you still.

She loved you when you proudly slept
The gayest of the gay;
That pride the blight of time has swept,
Unlike her love, away.

She loved you when your home and heart
Of fortune's smile could boast;
She saw that smile decay—depart—
And then she loved you most.

O, such the generous faith that grows
In woman's gentle breast,
'Tis like that star that stays and glows
Alone in night's dark vest;

That stays because each other ray
Has left the lonely shore,
And that the wanderer on his way
Then wants her light the more.

TO

The sun is in the west,
The stars are on the sea,—
Each kindly hand I've pressed,
And now—farewell to thee!
One cup of parting done,
'Tis the darkest I can sip.
And I've pledged them every one,
With my heart and with my lip;
But I came to thee the last,
That in sadness we might throw
One look upon the past
Together—ere I go.

I met thee in my spring,
When my heart was like the sky,
That on its airy wing
Sports the live-long summer by;
I loved thee with the love
Of a wild and burning boy,
Thy being was in love
With my grief and with my joy;
Thou wert to me a star
In the silence of the night,—
A thing to see from far,
With a fear—and a delight.

The hour of joy is gone—
When man and man depart,
The deep wrong hand alone
May tell the anguish'd heart;
No tear may stain the eye,
And the parting look must be
Like the stormy sea,
Ere the stormy sea be free.

Nor shame the truest breast.
I would not that my name
Should ever meet thine ear;
I have smiles for men's acclaim,
For their censures not a fear;
Nor would I, when thy home
Looks joyously and bright,
That the thought of me should come
To sadden thy delight;
I would dwell a thing a part,
For thy spirit to decay,—
A brightness on thy heart,
A shadow on thine eye.

When the wine cup circles round,
I will quaff it with the rest,
But thy name will never sound
At the revel of the feast;
But with him who shares my heart,
When the banquet hall is lone,
In one deep cup ere we part,
We will pledge the lovely one;
Thy name I'll murmur then
With a prayer, if heav'n allow,
To embrace thee once again
As close as I do now.

Beloved one—farewell!
And though so hope be given,
Thy name shall be a spell,
To turn my thoughts to Heaven;
And thy memory to me,
What the dew is to the rose,
It shall come as gratefully,
In the hour of my repose;
It shall be—what it has been—
A lamp within a tomb—
To burn—the 'all unquenched,
To light—though but a gloom.

When the shade is on thy dwelling,
And the murmur on thine ear,
When the breeze is round thee swelling,
And the landscape dark and drear;
When no lover is beside thee
To flatter and to smile,
When there be none to guide thee,
And many to beguile,
When wither'd is the token,
And all unkind'd the chain,—
With faith unwear'd—unbroken,
I may kneel to thee again.

NEW-ENGLAND MAGAZINE.

The September number of this well conducted periodical, among its varied and interesting articles, contains one on the *Transplantation of Trees*, and details some curious and interesting facts in reference to the transplanting of large forest and shade trees, which might, and we hope will be, turned to good account in this country, and more particularly on this Island, as trees would add much to its picturesque beauty. As the Baltimore American justly remarks, "in the large cities and towns, where the foliage of shade trees in the streets and public places constitutes so delightful a shelter from the scorching heats of the summer's sun, the old-fashioned plan of putting down tender saplings—'leafless poles'—that require years for their development, is both uncertain in its issue, and slow in

its returns to him who has the patience to pursue it, and is not therefore to be wondered at that it should have comparatively so few followers. The mode adopted in Scotland, by Sir Henry Stuart, of transplanting full grown trees, has been attended with a degree of success which demonstrates its easy practicability, and ought to obtain for it imitators in this country, wherever it is desirable to have at once the benefit of shade or ornamental trees."

The writer of the article in question, after quoting several instances of the successful transplantation of full grown trees in different parts of Europe, comes down to the period of Sir H. Stuart's operations, conducted on the true principles of the science, and says:

"But the lending case, and that which may be called the first application of the true science of transplantation on a liberal scale, and with a satisfactory result in all respects, is that of the author of the *Planter's Guide*—Sir Henry Stuart, of Allanton, in Scotland. In his Park, there was originally no water, and scarcely a tree or bush in the vicinity of the present water, which was made in 1820; and in that year, and 1821, the adjoining grounds were abundantly covered with wood of such size as to give the estate, according to the engravings in the proprietor's book, the appearance of a forest of considerable antiquity. When the Committee of the Highland Society for promoting arboriculture, visited the place in the fall of 1823, both trees and underwood had obtained a full and deep-colored leaf, and health and vigor were restored to them. "In a word," says Sir Henry—and the Committee sufficiently justify the force of the remark—"the whole appeared like a spot of least forty years planted."

"It appears, that this park encloses about 120 acres. The soil is clay, loam, and gravel—parts of it far from fertile—about 400 feet above the level of the sea—the climate and country (as the Edinburgh daily observes,) Scotland, in which Dr. Johnson said, half a century since, there was hardly timber enough for a walking-stick, from thirty to forty feet high, or more, and the girth of the largest was five feet three to five feet eight inches at a foot and a half from the ground. These trees were putting forth shoots of 18 inches, though they stood in the most exposed situations. The leaves of those planted most recently, were smaller than those of the older but this difference was imperceptible after the third year from the removal.

Since this experiment of Sir Henry has proved thus successful, quite a number of proprietors of large estates, chiefly friends and neighbors of his, have availed themselves of his example and instruction, to decorate their grounds in like manner; and indeed, the system, of which he may be called the founder, has acquired an established reputation throughout Great-Britain. Sir Walter Scott was among the number just named. That distinguished writer was no less a lover of nature in fact, than in fancy and poetry; and he was so enthusiastically attached to the cultivation of wood in particular, that, in the course of sixteen years, during which he owned Abbotsford, he had planted over nearly five hundred acres of surface. In 1824 and 1825, he transplanted about forty trees of considerable size, on Stuart's principles, and the success of the process was complete.

"How many beautifully located estates are there in this Commonwealth of which the owners, while they would not value one or two hundred dollars a year, spent in transplantation, as a farthing, have, nevertheless, ignorantly or indolently contented themselves with either neglecting the decoration of their grounds with trees for the most part—under the disheartening impression that that they cannot live to see the result of their labors, or cannot expect any result at all, worth striving for, from a process which they understand so imperfectly,—or, perhaps, have had the magnanimity, (as Mr. Irving considers it,) in spite of this impression, to cover their land over with 'dismal looking rows of long, leafless poles, standing in solemn uprights, like Aaron's rod waiting for the miracle.'—After all, the expense is not much less than it would be in case of well-grown trees, which would be at once a splendid embellishment; and the difference,—waiving the advantage the Scotch system possesses in the infrequency of its failure,—would be, as we said above, equal, so far as the object in question is concerned, to that of some thirty or forty years in the life of the proprietor.

Again, how many extensive commons, squares, street, and other grounds, are

there in our cities and large towns,—not to say our villages generally,—where the distinctive mania has but too frequently swept away every thing before it,—which might be ornamented and shaded, not as the Boston common has been, and is likely to be, by the toil and taste of long-succeeding generations of Mayors, but, as it were, with the magic energy which erected the Palace of Aladdin in a night. Grave yards, especially, and church grounds, would be essentially improved throughout this country, by such a process. The Turks themselves have gone before us, in the dutiful and beautiful regard rendered, in this respect, alike to the sympathies of the living, and the memory of the dead. We have known a few instances in this vicinity, of the transplantation of large trees,—of a sugar maple, for example, a foot in diameter,—which proved entirely successful; we hope, however, they may speedily become quite too frequent to be matter of boastful comment on the one hand, or of distrustful inquiry on the other."

Gutzlaff's late travels on the coast of China 1833

From the last voyage made by this missionary in 1833, and published in the present year (1834) at London, we glean many interesting particulars for the gratification of those who may wish to anticipate the publication of the work in this country.

China contains 361 millions of souls on 1,400,000 square miles; which is less to a square mile than in Ireland.—In the maritime provinces, however, there are 408 to the square mile. The metropolitan province on the coast, not 100 miles from Peking and about lat. 40, is sterile and frequently inundated.—The inhabitants are miserably wretched—live in small mud huts, and die every winter in great numbers from starvation rarely being able to procure even rice. Yet they are happy.

In the northern province of Teen-tsin the people are of a different race from the southern provinces. The women are also tidy and fair, and at perfect liberty. We should imagine, from Mr. Gutzlaff's representations of the extreme cold of the northern provinces, corresponding in latitude to New-York and higher, that our climates are not dissimilar, and that in all probability the climate of China is materially influenced by northern and northwest winds which sweep over Behring's Straits from our great lakes and from the Arctic seas. The maritime sterile province of Amoy is the most enterprising; they have colonized Formosa, and send emigrants to the Indian archipelago, and to Cochinchina, and Sum, and the coast of China up to Manchou Tartary. After acquiring property they return, and after spending it re-emigrate. They drown, and that too in the most sportful wantonness, large numbers of the newborn female children; and "to ask a man of any distinct on whether he has daughters is a mark of great rudeness!" The very reverse of what is considered in other parts of the world. In the northern province of Shantung the people are very brave, clownish, and poor, and live in granite houses covered with seaweeds. They smell of garlic. The females are pale and languid.

The people of Fuh-chow-Foo province are devotedly attached to their country, and send annually home from the places to which they emigrate, donations of money to the kindred they have left behind, and whom they never forget. No women ever emigrate, and no males under 20. A single junk often carries 1200 of these emigrants. "There is no hereditary aristocracy, nor influential priesthood in China. To the absence of these is its great prosperity attributable.—N. Y. Star.

The bold enterprise and patient industry of our New England brethren,—manifested in so many ways, and in every region of the globe,—are about to be practically illustrated for the benefit of the State of Georgia. A company of gentlemen of Portland, conversant with the value of the excellent yellow pine lumber of Georgia, have purchased a tract of 700,000 acres of pine lands, situated between the Ocmulgee and Oconee rivers, in the centre of Georgia, and within the limits of steamboat navigation. A few days ago, we learn from the Portland Advertiser, a brig was despatched from that port with a party of "nine hardy and industrious Yankees, to pursue lumbering operations upon these lands." The company has four mills, containing eighteen saws already in operation, together with a flour mill.

Late Foreign Intelligence.

NEW YORK, SEPT. 22.
LATE FROM EUROPE.

By numerous arrivals yesterday from Liverpool and Havre, we have received London papers to the 16th, and Paris to the 15th of August.

Parliament was prorogued on the 15th of August, by the King in person. The Irish Tithes Bill, which had passed the House of Commons, was refused a second reading by the Lords, by a vote of 189 to 122.

At the close of the session the two houses were in strong and direct collision.

The Poor Laws Amendment Bill, passed the House of Commons on the 8th, after some amendments.

After the conclusion of a Speech from his Majesty, the Lord Chancellor declared the Parliament prorogued to the 25th of September next.

Some apprehensions are beginning to arise on the London Exchange, in consequence of the large exportations of specie to the United States. A contraction of their currency, and much consequent embarrassment, seem inevitable.

A telegraphic despatch received in Paris Aug 14th, announces that Don Carlos left Oñate on the 12th, taking the direction of El Otero. He has with him the troops of Zavala, and part of those of Zumala carteray. On the 13th in the morning, Gen. Rodil, and El Pasto, set out on their march for Oñate.

The Monitor contains an Ordinance for the permanent regulation of the possession of Algiers, which the French government intend to retain.

General Mina had arrived at Bordeaux where he was received with great cordiality, and proceeded for Spain on the 12th.

In Spain the hopes of Carlos appear to be blasted, he having fled towards the French frontier, where he had been seen within ten minutes ride of the neutral ground. Yumalacaregay, with 5000 men, retreated before Rodil at the head of 2500 men, after an action of four hours, into the woods of Ibrica and Ibraza, and thence to the mountains, and but for the state of the country, his whole band would have been exterminated.

A Havre paper of the 14th Aug. says, that the Minister of Finance, M. Torreno, made a most important move in the Spanish Cortes on 5th of August, that of reducing the debt owing to Foreigners to one half. It was understood in Paris, that the French Government would make strong remonstrances against the passage of such a law.

The Constitutionnel has the following: "On which alone a nation can found its credit. The apprehensions which have already compromised the interests of so many, and which, though with misgiving, we had endeavored to repress, are unfortunately realized. It must be admitted that the plan of finance now proposed is an almost undisguised bankruptcy; and it is under such melancholy auspices that Spain is about to endeavor to obtain a new loan, to meet the annual expenses and a deficit, which will not amount to less than 84,000,000 for the current year. The impression produced at Paris by this communication from the Spanish Ministry has been unanimous. Even the ministerial journals blame highly these plans, which can only be regarded, in fact, as equally contrary to the general interest of Spain and those of the numerous Frenchmen who are involved in her financial operations."

The Journal des Debats announces that the French Government has made an energetic remonstrance against this disastrous measure.

From a table published in the Monitor, it appears that the number of sales emancipated in the four French colonies of Martinique, Guadeloupe, French Guyana and Bourbon, between the end of the year 1830 and the end of May last, amounts to 21,962.

The following is an extract of a letter of the 6th August from Madrid:—"The discussion of the Answer to the Speech from the Throne was concluded this morning in the Chamber of Procuradores. The Minister obtained a strong majority, considering the number of voters. On the 8th, the Government will carry up to the Chamber of Procuradores a proposition relative to Don Carlos, the nature of which may be gathered from the Queen's Speech. The Speech of the King of France, on the opening of the Chamber, which was eagerly expected, arrived last night, a little more than five days. The paragraph concerning Spain was most satisfactory, and the Funds have experienced a sensible rise. The measures which have been ordered on the frontier to prevent Don Carlos receiving succor from France, have raised the lowering courage of many."

Between the 15th and 31st July the number of deaths by cholera, at Madrid, amounted to 5,251.

The Mensajero de las Cortes, a Madrid paper, says:—"We are assured that, as a Council of the Spanish Government, it has been decided to send an

extraordinary courier to General Rodil, with new instructions and more ample powers to act against the insurgents, authorizing him, in case the Pretender should be captured, to proceed against him according to the Royal decrees and ordinances in force against conspirators."

The Tribunal at Warsaw, consisting of Russian generals and Polish magistrates, instituted for the purpose of trying the actors in the late Polish revolution, have concluded their labors—condemning to death the government of the five, together with Gen. Skrzynecki.

Aerial Navigation.—A Paris journal of August 16th, has the following paragraph:—

The Aerial vessel L'Aigle, in the Champs Elysees, which is on Sunday to make its first excursion in the realms of curiosity, and has been visited by numbers of scientific amateurs desirous to inspect the machinery by which that element, hitherto so refractory, is to be tamed into obedience and made to obey the helmsman with as much docility as the helmsman with which we are wafted from Calais to Dover. Should the experiment succeed, adieu to Railway speculations—even the steam-vessels may quench their "infernal fires" before so redoubtable a rival. Only imagine reader: a snug party of sixteen, exclusive of the Pilot, may, when the system is perfected, start from Paris at a reasonable hour on beau mation, arrive pleasantly at the Gloucester in Piccadilly to breakfast; after taking a bird's-eye view of London, fly off to the North, survey the lakes, slightly inspect the manufactories at Glasgow, not forgetting to visit Rob Roy's cave, and after an agreeable dinner in Edinburgh, return quietly to Paris in the evening.

These are, however but the lighter advantages of this invention; to sons who are troubled with undutiful parents, the discovery will be altogether invaluable. We need not add that general good wishes attend it, and we shall be happy to see the ingenuity of the inventors rewarded by complete success. We would remind our scientific friends that the public are admitted to see the preparatory arrangements until the moment of the departure of the vessel, and a few persons will be permitted to make the experimental voyage.

In the French papers mention is made of a discovery, made by M. M. Merle and Malartie, of a method of dying woollens with the Prussian blue. This dye was first discovered somewhat more than a century ago, and was originally used to stain paper. Afterwards, it was applied to calicoes. In 1748, it was employed by Maquer, in dyeing silk and wool. At the exhibition, already mentioned, M. M. Merle and Malartie produced several pieces of woollens, dyed with the Prussian blue in the most beautiful manner. Their process is kept secret, but the French journalists express their conviction, that it completely solves the problem proposed to Napoleon, and will prove of great value.

Steam Navigation in India.—Among the supplies lately voted in the British Parliament, was the sum of 20,000l. to assist in the experiment of a communication with India by steam conveyances. Two routes are under consideration for the regular line of communication; one with Bombay, through the Red Sea, the other by the Euphrates and Persian Gulf. The expense of the communication is to be borne jointly by the British and India Governments. The communication by the Red Sea is to be first established, but as it is supposed that the other route, in certain seasons of the year, may afford superior advantages, and as the experiments by the Red Sea had been made by the East India Company at an expense of 60 or 70,000l. the committee of the House of Commons recommend the appropriation of the above sum for experiments on the other route.

BY MAILS.

NEW ORLEANS, SEPT. 4.

Our City continues remarkably healthy. Not a case of yellow fever has occurred, and it is now the general impression, that the season will pass off with little or no sickness.

CHARLESTON, SEPT. 13.

New Cotton is coming in very rapidly and sells for 14 cents per lb. The crop is good, and a fair price will no doubt be obtained.

CHOLERA.—It is with the most heartfelt sorrow that we inform our readers that the accounts from the Savannah River Plantations are even of a less favorable character than those previously received. We are informed that the negroes have very generally been removed from the plantations and the crops are entirely abandoned—that some new cases, of a severe character, had occurred among them, after their removal—and there were no appearances of the disease subsiding, until after it had taken its rage, and done its work of death.

The following is an extract of a letter from an eminent Physician at Savannah, to a gentleman in this city:—

SAVANNAH, SEPT. 16.
"It grieves me that I have nothing but disagreeable tidings to communicate. The two women I mentioned yesterday, are still alive, and I have hopes for Amy. Caesar and Lucy are down this morning, with others in the premonitory stage—in this condition the disease is manageable. I am in strong hopes that we will make the negroes confess when they are indisposed—no easy matter—for instance Caesar, mentioned above, notwithstanding being cold, with his hands cramped, and diarrhoea this morning, only acknowledged he was sick by hard questioning. Within a few plantations, 300 negroes have died in two weeks. I am told one gentleman has lost 35. Your negroes want for nothing, and they seem disposed to assist each other, which I have not elsewhere observed."

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 23.

This is the day appointed for the meeting of the Committee of the House of Representatives to examine the affairs of the Post Office. Mr. Whittle, of Ohio, one of the committee, arrived on Saturday. We have not yet heard of the arrival of any other of the members.

NEW YORK, SEPT. 22.

LATEST FROM NEW GRANADA.—On the 14th of August last, the Electoral Assembly of New Granada was convened. The elections excited more than common interest.

The Government of South America had transferred its seat to Sonsonate, where an assembly was to meet for the amendment of the constitution of that republic. One principal object of the transfer is said to be a determination to avoid the violent and oppressive influence of the population of the former capital, Guatemala. Gen. Morazan, as President, was at the head of the Government.

The latest intelligence from the republic of the Equator, represented that unhappy region as still a prey to intestine dissension and war. Flores and Rocafuerte in the neighborhood of Guayaquil had not brought matters to any definite result.

The Constitutional del Magdalena of the 17th of August, represents the republic of Colombia as enjoying a condition of entire tranquility. The laws are respected and the institutions for education are encouraged and supported.

BOSTON, SEPT. 22.

Massacre.—A letter received in Salem from Capt. Batchelder, of the brig "The Fish Hawk," informed in number, while employed on shore at the Figue Islands, were attacked by the natives in September last, and nine of the number were killed. The three who escaped were badly wounded. After an absence of 10 or 15 days, Capt. B. returned to the place of his disaster, when the natives restored the bodies of his deceased men. On the passage to Manila, Capt. B. touched at the Pelew Islands, and was attacked by several hundred natives, whom he beat off, without any loss of his men, except one Sandwich Island boy.

September 23.

Daring Burglaries.—It has already been stated, that within the week past, the dwellings of Messrs. Lynde M. Walter and W. H. Ward, were entered by thieves, whose principal object appeared to be money.

On Saturday night, the dwelling of Mr. Matthew S. Parker, was entered, but nothing taken, as far as yet known, except a box of cigars, some of which the thieves smoked in the house. They also spread the table, lighted some wax candles, &c. and departed without awakening the family.

Last night, about 11 o'clock, an attempt was made to enter the house of Mr. E. F. Hall, by breaking a pane of glass, and removing the fastening of a window in the rear of the house. The family was aroused, and the robber being alarmed, fled.

September 25.

BUENOS AYRES.—We have been favored with a B. Ayres paper of July 12, received by the brig Draco. Commercial information of a later date had been previously received.

Gen. Rosas, on the 4th, declined the appointment of Captain General and Governor of the Province, which had been conferred on him by the House of Representatives. The House renewed the appointment, which was again declined; and at the last dates, this body again refused to accept the resignation.

The Fourth of July was celebrated by the Americans resident in Buenos Ayres, by a public dinner.

Two domestics were severely burnt in New-York on Saturday evening last, while filling a lamp with spirit gas; one of them was sent to the hospital. The canister in which the spirit was contained, exploded, throwing its contents all over the kitchen, setting it on fire, windows, shutters, table clothes, &c.—And all this was done in the short space of half a minute.

The Journal NEWPORT, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 27.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

By arrivals at New-York, London papers to the 16th, and Paris to the 15th of August have been received.—Extracts from the papers will be found under our foreign head.

The British Parliament was prorogued on the 15th of August. The two Houses appear to have completely ranged against each other, for some days previous to the prorogation.

STATE ELECTIONS.

VERMONT.—The Vermont State Journal gives the following as the probable strength of parties in the next Legislature:—Antimasons 102; Whig 57; Jackson 49; doubtful 7—making on joint ballot of the House and Council, an Antimasonic majority of two.

It is now ascertained that Mr. Hall is re-elected to Congress from the 1st district, by a maj. of 98 votes.—In the 3d, 4th and 5th districts there is no choice. In the 2d district, Mr. Slade, the Antimasonic candidate, is elected by a handsome majority.

MAINE.—The Portland Argus gives the returns from 320 towns for Governor, as follows:—

For Dunlap, (Jackson)	37,554
Spangue, (Whig)	33,389
Scattering,	706

The majority for Gov. Dunlap, over all other candidates, is 3,379; ten or twelve small towns remain to be heard from, which are expected to increase the majority.

Members of Congress.—Messrs. F. O. J. Smith, Moses Mason, Joseph Hall, Gorham Parks, Leonard Jarvis, (Jackson) and George Evans and Jeremiah Bailey, (Whigs), are elected to Congress.—In York District there was no choice.

State Senate.—It appears by the returns, that 15 Jackson, and 8 Whig Senators have been elected. There was no choice of two members in Somerset district.

Representatives.—The House, as far as ascertained, consists of about 60 Jackson, and 70 Whig members.

REDWOOD LIBRARY.—The Annual Meeting of the Redwood Library Company, was held on Wednesday last, but a quorum of members not appearing, the Meeting was adjourned to Monday next, the 19th inst. at 3 o'clock.—[See advertisement.]

ELECTIONS.—The New-York Editors have sounded "a dreadful note of preparation" for the great political battle which is to be fought in that City and State, on the 19th inst. The Whigs have voted to close their places of business on the three days of election, and this decision has given great offence to their opponents, who intimate that force will be met by force, and the streets be dyed in blood!!

The President of the United States left his residence in Tennessee on the 9th inst. on his return to Washington, by the way of Knoxville and Virginia.

LARGE WHIG MEETING IN NEW-YORK.—On Friday evening, the 19th inst. a large Whig meeting was held in the City of New-York, of which Hon. G. C. Verplank was Chairman. The report of the Delegates to the Utica Convention was received.—A number of gentlemen addressed the meeting, among whom was the Hon. Dudley Selden, late member of Congress, and spirited resolutions were passed. It is computed that over ten thousand persons were present, or endeavored to obtain admission to the Hall.

Arrangements have been made at Concord, N. H. for an entertainment in honor of Gov. BELL, U. S. Senator; a spacious pavilion has been erected on the Common. Mr. Webster has accepted an invitation to be present.

SPECIE.—The ship Poland, at New-York, from Havre, has on board \$12,980; 12,450 five franc pieces, 2000 francs, and 8 casks specie. The Montreal has also 20 boxes of gold. The ship Silvie de Grasse, from Havre, brought out in francs and gold about \$500,000. Over a million of dollars arrived there in two days.

NOVEL APPARATUS. Mr. Norcross of Boston has invented and is now exhibiting in that city, a novel apparatus for descending under water—being a substitute for the diving bell. The India Rubber cloth, which is perfectly impervious to water, is the novel feature of this method of submarine research. A large cap made of lead, with a circular glass in front, and weighing about 75 lbs. envelopes the head and rests upon the shoulders, to this the water tight India rubber dress is affixed. The air is conveyed into the cap by means of tubes made of India Rubber cloth, through which it is propelled by a forcing pump kept in the boat or vessel, as the case may be. Shoes made of lead, weighing several pounds, each, are also worn.

CHOLERA.—We are sorry to learn by accounts from the South, that the Cholera has made its appearance in Augusta, Georgia. Two fatal cases were reported by the Board of Health on the 13th, and two more on the 14th.—Considerable alarm, says the Charleston Courier, was excited in Augusta, in consequence of the appearance of the disease; some of the inhabitants, we are informed, were sending away their negroes, and others are making arrangements to remove themselves.

A letter from Augusta, dated 15th inst. states that 7 new cases of Cholera were reported there on that day—all from Savannah.

NEW YORK.—The deaths by Cholera, in New York, last week, was 93. The whole number of deaths during the week, from all diseases, was 216.

QUARANTINING.—The authorities of Charleston has ordered a rigid quarantine on vessels from Savannah, in consequence of the appearance of a few cases of cholera in the latter place.—On the other hand, the authorities of Savannah in consequence of information of the existence of Yellow Fever in Charleston, have ordered a quarantine on vessels from that port.

POST OFFICE.—The Senate Committee on the Post Office have assembled in Washington, for the purpose of proceeding according to the order of the Senate, in the further prosecution of the examination into the abuses in the management of the Post Office. The following gentlemen compose the Committee:—Mr. Grundy, Mr. Ewing, Mr. Knight, Mr. Southard, & Mr. Robinson.

Joseph Bonaparte was at London, at the period of the latest advices. The editor of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser has been letters from him to a friend in the country, in which he expresses a strong desire to return to the United States. He is detained in Europe, waiting permission to visit Rome, to settle some family affairs. He has obtained the requisite passports from all the great powers, but two petty Princes had refused to allow him to pass through their dominions.

We learn by a gentleman from the White Mountains, says the Boston Gazette, that there was a heavy fall of snow in that vicinity on Thursday night of last week. In places it was a foot deep, and several mornings afterwards, ice was of the thickness of a dollar & Crawford's.

Valuable Cargoes.—The three ships, Alexandria, Panther, and Washington, which are hourly expected to arrive in New-York, have on board, among other articles, nine thousand eight hundred and forty-six chests of tea, eighteen thousand three hundred and twenty-four small chests, packages and boxes of tea of high cost, seventeen thousand nine hundred and ninety-seven cases and packages of silks, crapes, preserves, and other valuable articles of merchandize, &c.

During the recent prevalence of Cholera in Cleveland, Ohio, there were in all, about one hundred fatal cases; and the Whig mentions, as affording some idea of the class of persons among whom it principally raged, that of the 100 interments, fifty-five were at the expense of the town.

The Postmaster at Georgetown, S. C. in a note to J. McKee, Esq. Postmaster at Fayetteville, says the loss of property sustained by the late Tornado in that place, "will not be less than one hundred thousand dollars independent of the rice crops." Add to this the loss which must have occurred from the recent freshet, and the destruction of property must be immense.

FIRE.—On Thursday, the 18th inst. a fire broke out in a stable in Catherine street, Utica, N. Y. which occasioned the destruction of a large amount of property. Twenty-one buildings were destroyed, including the Post-Office, and the large Oneida Hotel.

A destructive fire occurred in New-Orleans on the morning of the 20th inst. in Delor, between Magazine and Camp streets. It originated in Mr. Laterniere's bakery, which, with four or five other buildings, were consumed. Loss estimated at \$100,000.

APPLES.—The Northampton (Mass.) Courier of the 23d inst. says:—"There has not been such a scarcity of apples in this part of the country since 1794.—The cold weather in May destroyed almost all the fruit on the hills and in the valleys. Some persons have a few apples, and will make a small quantity of cider, but the greater part have hardly enough for apple pies, and they will be destitute of cider, apple sauce, and winter apples. So far as we have observed, there are more apples on the trees in the meadows and low lands near Connecticut river, than any where else.—We have heard old people make the same remark in regard to apples in the year 1794."

TRIAL.—Capt. Newsum, of the *Brilliant*, arrived at Norfolk, Va., on Monday, Sept. 22, and, on the following day, they were charged for the piratical seizure of the *Caroline*, which sailed three days before, with a knowledge that the vessel had a large quantity of specie on board. During the chase, the *Brilliant* was compelled to throw overboard her deck load and part of her cargo.

Steamboat Explosion and loss.—We learn from the *Mobile Advertiser* of the 4th inst. that on the previous day, the steamboat *Tom* exploded, while stopping at the wharf to exchange mails. By this explosion, three persons were killed—two of whom are badly injured, and one of whom is dead. The boat, we understand, was broken about midships, and immediately sunk in about 35 or 40 feet of water. Some of the mails on board are lost. No cause assigned for this dreadful accident.

DILEMMA.—The Missouri Legislature is liberal in granting divorces. At session, thirty six were lumped in a bill; and many of the parties had since contracted new marriages. Meanwhile the legality of granting divorces, having been brought before the Supreme Court of the State, that tribunal has decided against the law under which proceedings were instituted, as "unconstitutional, and therefore null and void."

New York Journal of Commerce.—That one of the largest banks in New York, which maintains a discount of four millions of dollars, has not in the aggregate during the last twelve months so much as one hundred dollars.

FRAGRE.—Judge Baird was assaulted in the street in Uniontown, Maryland, last week, in his way from the Court House to his chamber, by a party calling himself a "Republican," and who, after a struggle, was shot dead.

A young man named Thomas, belonging to an association called the *Painters*, at Washington, N. C., was lately ordered by a man named Willis, who was the object of the Club was to beat up and paint all drunkards found in the streets. It appears Willis, who was a man of property, was lately discovered that situation in the streets, by some one who immediately coated him with a dose of assafoetida. Willis went home, had his gun, which was out of order, repaired by the gunsmith and returned and sought out Thomas, whom he deliberately shot dead.

The introduction of steam coaches on common roads, will receive a check by a dreadful accident which lately happened to that between Glasgow and Paisley. One of the wheels giving way, a boiler was crushed and exploded, and four of the passengers killed, and the remaining eight badly injured. Notwithstanding this, we perceive one of these coaches is making the experiment of running through the most densely populated and narrow streets in London.

What some call luck.—One person will swallow penknives, and yet live on many years; while another, in eating, eats a small piece of liver in his wind pipe and dies. One has the shaft of a dagger passed completely through his body, and recovers; another runs a thorn into his hand, and no skill can save him. One is thrown fifty or an hundred feet from a cliff, and survives; another has his neck broken by the mere overturning of a gig on a smooth plain. We have lately seen an aged and healthy minister who fell from the belfry of a common steeple to the ground a few years ago; but we have also seen a lady die in consequence of falling down gently on a level floor. So that the race is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong.—*People's Magazine.*

ITEMS OF NEWS.

The Jackson papers in Tennessee, continue to urge Judge White for the Presidency.

A Cotton factory has been started at Augusta, Geo. When in full operation it is to run 2000 spindles.

An action for breach of promise of marriage, at Troy, N. Y. in the Circuit Court, Mary Howard, plaintiff, Lewis M. Brown, defendant, resulted in a verdict of \$700 damages for the plaintiff.

A Mrs. Brink, residing near Warrington, Pa. was burned to death on her way home from a neighbor's house, a few days since. The fire is believed to have been communicated to her clothes by the pipe which she was smoking.—This is another argument against the use of tobacco by females.

Mrs. Ogden, wife of Capt. John Ogden of Port Norris, N. J. lately jumped into the Maurice River, while labouring under the influence of somnambulism.

The Boston Republican has been for the present suspended.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT.—A letter from Hartford states, that the Steamboat *Water Witch*, which left that city at noon, on Wednesday, for New-York, struck a snag, when nearly opposite Weathersfield, and sank in five minutes. The clerk of the boat succeeded, after an uncomfortable bath, in rescuing some valuable packages from the cabin, and every exertion was made to save as much as possible. No lives were lost. The bow of the boat was run on to a sand bank, so that she was not entirely under water. The lady passengers suffered principally from fright, and the loss of their hand boxes.

Spurious Gold Coin of the New Emission.—The public are cautioned, says *Bicknell's Reporter*, against receiving spurious pieces of coin, purporting to be half and quarter eagles of the new emission. They are remarkably well executed, and probably are more difficult to be detected, by persons unacquainted with gold, than nine-tenths of the various bank notes which are now in circulation throughout the United States.

NAVAL.—Capt. J. Nicholson has arrived at Boston, and taken the command of the frigate *Potomac*. She will sail in a few days for the Mediterranean.

Several cases of yellow fever have occurred on board the United States schooner *Grampus*, Capt. White, at Pensacola.

Hon. Thomas Chilton has addressed a letter to his constituents, in which he declares that his name shall not be considered before them as a candidate for re-election to Congress.

The Powder Mill belonging to Mr. Wade, at Cincinnati, just below the Mill Creek has exploded. One person was killed, but no other individual injured.

The Raleigh N. C. Register mentions that the late freshet caused great destruction to crops on the low grounds of Roanoke. The water is said to have been six and a half feet higher than ever known before.

In the city of Richmond, a large body of persons lately assembled and attacked ten gambling houses, destroying in each every article which was designed to be used in gaming.

NOTICE.—There will be a Protracted Meeting held in the Meeting House of the Fourth Baptist Church, in Mill-street, to commence on WEDNESDAY NEXT, Oct. 1st, at half past 2 o'clock P. M.—Brethren in the Ministry, and the brethren and sisters of the different denominations in this, and the neighboring towns, are invited to attend. Newport, Sept. 27.

NOTICE.—An adjourned Meeting of the Newport Young Men's TEMPERANCE SOCIETY, will be held at the School-Room in Division-street on Monday Evening next, Sept. 29th, at half past 7 o'clock.—A punctual attendance is requested.

BRIGHTON MARKET.—Monday, Sept. 22 (Reported for the Boston Advertiser & Patriot). At Market, 820 Beef Cattle, 1210 Stores 3200 sheep, and 1500 Swine. **Prices.**—Beef Cattle.—Beef Cattle generally were not of so good a quality as they were last week, but about the same prices were obtained for equal goodness. We quote the same, viz.—prime at \$4 75 \$5, good at \$4 25 \$4 50; thin at \$3 \$4. **Working Oxen.**—Sales \$45, 50, 58, 70 & 80. **Cows and Calves.**—Sales \$20, 23, 27 & 30. **Stores.**—Yearlings \$5 a 9; two years old \$9 a 15; three years old \$19 a 25. **Sheep.**—Lots of ordinary at \$1 42; middling at 1 50, 1 62, 1 75, and \$2; better qualities many of which were Weathers at \$2, 2 17, 2 33, and 2 75. **Swine.**—Sales rather dull, and prices reduced. Several lots half barrows at 4 and 4 1-2 cts; lots old at 3 1-2 for sows and 4 1-2 for barrows; at retail, 4 1-2 and 5 for sows, and 5 1-2 and 6 for barrows.

(From the Boston Courier.) **Prices of WOOL at Boston, Sept. 22.**—Prime or Saxony Fleeces 60 a 65 cents per lb.; American full blood washed wool 50 to 55 cts.; do 3-4 do. 45 to 50; 1-2 do. 37 to 42; 1-4 do. 32 to 35; superfine pulled lambs, 50 to 55; 1st sort, 42 to 45; 2d do. 30 to 35; 3d do. 23 to 25; spinning 1st sort, 45 to 50 cts. per lb. **WOOL.**—We have no change to notice in this article since our last review. Sales Fleece and pulled have been made to a moderate extent, at our quotations. There is little pulled Wool at market.

MARRIED. In this town on the 7th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Lord, Mr. William Stroeger, of England, to Miss Abby D. Carr, of Jamestown. On Sunday evening last by Rev. Mr. Lord, Mr. John Badgley, of Warwick, to Miss Abby Stanton of this town.

DIED. In this town on Sunday evening last, very suddenly, Mrs. Jennett Arthur, a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, aged 48 years. On Thursday evening, suddenly, Mr. John E. Easton, aged 84 years. On Wednesday, Eugene, infant son of Mr. William Goff, aged 8 days. At Cambridge, Mass. on the 20th inst. Miss Anna Ellery, aged 79 years, daughter of the late Hon. William Ellery, of this town. At Essex (Connecticut) on the 19th inst. Mrs. Maria W. Post, wife of Capt. Joseph W. Post, and daughter of the late Capt. Zephaniah Heath, formerly of this town, aged 37 years. At Charleston, S. C. on the 17th inst. John

Ho, Jr., Esq. a highly respectable citizen of that place.—Mr. Ho, Jr., previous to the late war, resided for several years in this town. At Detroit on the 14th inst. Lt. Col. John Anderson, of the U. S. Topographical Engineers, aged 59 years. At New-Orleans on the 27th ult. Hon. William Keiley formerly a Senator of the U. S. from Alabama.

DROWNED. on Monday evening last, by falling from the Long-Wharf, Jostan O'CONNOR, a Soldier of G. Company, 3d Reg. U. S. Artillery, stationed at Fort Wolcott.—He was a native of Nansemond, Vir. aged 39 years.

WEEKLY ALMANACA.					
1834.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water.	Moon rises.	
27 Saturday.	6 14	5 46	2 43	11 13	
28 Sunday.	6 15	5 45	4 13	morn.	
29 Monday.	6 16	5 44	5 26	0 16	
30 Tuesday.	6 17	5 43	6 20	1 27	
OCT. 1 Wednesday.	6 18	5 42	7 6	2 42	
2 Thursday.	6 19	5 41	7 46	3 59	
3 Friday.	6 20	5 40	8 25	sets.	

New Moon 2d day, 6h. 15 min. Evening.

Ship News.

PORT OF NEWPORT, ARRIVED.

Monday, Sept. 22.—Brig *Fame*, Chambers, from Providence. Brig *Pavo*, Read, from Pictou with coal, for Providence. Sch'r *Cordelia*, Lane.—Empire, Baker.—and *Reeside*, Davis, all from New-York for Boston. Sch'r *Robert Raikes*, Sullivan, from New-York for Portland. Sch'r *Isabella*, Boffes, from New-Orleans for Belfast Me. Sloop *Mercy*, Baxter, from Philadelphia for Boston. Sloop *Patriot*, Howard, from Wareham for New-York. Sloop *Van Buren*, Hoxie, from Wickford for Key West.

Tuesday, Sept. 23.—British Sch'r *Heracles*, Lochard, 15 days from Windsor, N. S. bound to New-York. Sch'r *Tamela*, Te well, 6 days from Richmond for Somerset, Mass. Packets *Huntress*, Gibbs, and *Venus*, Child, from New-York.

Wednesday, Sept. 24.—Barque *Hazard*, Jackson, 16 days from Turks-Island for Providence. Left no American vessels. Spoke nothing.

DEPARTED. Ship *Mechanic*, (new) Daggett, South Sea, Whaling, (and sailed Monday, 22d). Brig *Fame*, Chambers, Havens. Sch'r *Henry Collins*, New-Orleans. " *Rapier*, Tanner, ditto. Sch'r *Julia Ann*, Crowell, Alexandria.

MARINE MEMORANDA. Ship *Kutusoff*, Newton, cleared at New-York on Saturday last, for New-Orleans. At Havre August 17th, Ship *Marengo*, Wood, for New-Orleans 10th Sept. At Gibraltar August 14th, Brig *Ann Gadsden*, Northam, for Vera Cruz. At Norfolk on 19th inst. Sloop *Fame*, from this port.

The new Sloop *Superior*, Hathaway, of Dighton, about 70 tons burthen, bound from this port for Bay River, N. C. was wrecked on Currituck Beach, on the 16th inst.

REDWOOD LIBRARY.

THE Proprietors of the REDWOOD LIBRARY are notified, that their Annual Meeting will be held at the Library on MONDAY next, Sept. 29th, 1834, at 3 o'clock P. M.—A general and punctual attendance is requested, as business of importance will be acted upon.

GEORGE G. KING, Sec'y. Newport, Sept. 27.

Assessors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subscribers were appointed in legal Town Meeting, held on the 3d of June last, to assess a Tax of EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS on the rateable property in the town of Newport, to be collected and paid into the Town Treasury on or before the first day of December next. We therefore call upon all persons interested, to give in to either of us, a list of their Rateable Estates, on or before the 8th day of Oct. next.

THOMAS BUSH, } Assessors.
GEORGE ENGSH,
N. B. HAMMETT, }

Newport, Sept. 27, 1834.

FOR SALE,

And Possession given immediately. **THAT** pleasantly situated two-story HOUSE and Lot of Land in William street, formerly the property of Thomas Greene, dec.—For terms, &c. apply to the Subscriber, on the premises.

JOSEPH F. HAVENS, Newport, Sept. 27.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Administrator on the Estate of ELIZABETH CORNELL, late of Portsmouth, single woman, dec. and having given bonds as the law directs, he therefore requests all persons having any demands, to present the same for settlement, and those indebted, to make immediate payment to GEORGE BROWNELL, Adm'r. Portsmouth, Sept. 20, 1834.

Executor's Notice.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice That he has been duly appointed Executor to the last Will and Testament of PHILIP SMITH, late of Middletown, dec. by giving bond as the law directs.—He therefore requests all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to WILLIAM SMITH, Executor. Middletown, Sept. 20, 1834.

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THE Stockholders of this Bank are hereby notified, That their Annual Meeting for the choice of Directors, will be held at their Banking Room on MONDAY, the 6th day of October next, at 4 o'clock P. M.

Also, That a Dividend of Three Dollars on a Share will be paid on and after the first Wednesday of October next, to such persons as by the books of the Bank are Stockholders on the 30th inst.

By order of the Board.
CHARLES GYLES, Cashier. Newport, Sept. 18.

FOR SALE,

THE well known substantial Brig *HARVEST*, copper and copper fastened, 313 Tons burthen, built by Col. Perry, of Dighton, of best materials, and sailed on the stocks.—She is well found in Sails, Rigging, Cables &c. most of which are nearly new. She is well calculated for the Whaling business, sheathed and coppered about three years since, which is sufficiently good for an East Cape voyage. If not sold at private Sale previous to WEDNESDAY, 1st Oct. next, she will be sold at Public Auction on that day, at 11 o'clock.—She may be examined at *Devens & Tisdale's* wharf. Inventory may be seen at the Store of the Subscribers.—For terms, apply to J. G. & S. WHITEHORNE Newport, Sept. 13, 1834.

MARSHALL'S NOTICE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—RHODE-ISLAND DISTRICT, &c.

IN pursuance of a Warrant from the Hon. JOHN FITZMAN, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the U. S. for the District of Rhode Island, I do hereby give public notice to all persons concerned, that the following informations are filed and allowed by said Judge, namely:

An information by William L. Wright, Jeremiah M. Rose, Frederick F. Dodge, Robert C. Mitchell, Samuel Wright, John Babcock, John Sheffield, John Ross, Gideon D. Ball, Samuel Dodge, Noah Dodge, Nathaniel B. Paine, Abraham Miliken, Revo Paine, George M. Wright, Elisha C. Wright, Mariborough R. Littlefield, Caleb W. Dodge, John W. Dodge, Oliver Dodge, Jeremiah W. Clarke, Samuel W. Rose, Elisha H. Coe, Amos D. Mitchell, Aaron Dodge, and Frederick M. Rose, all of New Shoreham, in the District of Rhode-Island, claiming a salvage against a certain Sch'r called the South-America of New-York.—Cook, master, with her tackle, apparel, furniture and boats, together with her cargo consisting of Rice, fish, pork, butter, lard, onions, and iron machinery for a sugar mill, and a quantity of Grindstones.—And that a trial will be had on said information, at a District Court to be held at the Court-House in Providence, on the 1st Tuesday of October next, to-wit: the 2d day of October next.

BURRINGTON ANTHONY, Marshal of R. I. District. Providence, Sept. 15, 1834.

Connecticut Lottery, cl 52

DRAWS THIS DAY. \$15,000 Highest Prize. Tickets \$10.—Parts in proportion.

Connec. Lottery, class 65

DRAWS ON MONDAY. \$6,000 highest Prize. Tickets \$3.—parts in proportion.

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS, Apply at the Old Truly Fortunate Office J. C. SHAW. Newport, Sept. 27.

Connect. Lottery, class 52

DRAWS THIS DAY. \$15,000 Highest Prize, Tickets \$10.—Parts in proportion.

Connect. Lottery class 65

DRAWS ON MONDAY. \$6,000 Highest Prize. Tickets \$3. parts in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS. May be had at the Lottery Office of O. R. CAHOONE. Newport, Sept. 27.

LIST of Combination Numbers,

drawn in
Connec. Lottery, No. 61.
3 60 31 34 52 16 17 23 56
Connec. Lottery, No. 50.
2 19 62 34 18 39 53 29 65 52
Connec. Lottery, class 62.
1 3 27 53 51 58 40 57 60
Connec. Lottery, No. 63.
13 18 44 57 48 21 19 9 27
Newport, Sept. 27.

FOR SALE.

THAT Valuable and pleasant ESTATE on the Point, formerly the residence of Capt. Chris. R. Perry, dec.—If not previously disposed of at private sale, the same will be sold at Public Auction, on the 20th day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises.—For terms, &c. apply to GEORGE TURNER Newport, August 9.

AUCTIONS.

On Monday next,

At 11 o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Trinity Church,

PEW No. 84, in said Church.—Conditions at the Sale. Wm. LOVIE, Auc'r. Newport, Sept. 27.

On MONDAY, October 6th,

At 11 o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auction on the premises, (if fair, if not, the first fair day after.)

All the right, title and interest, which PETER D. DEAN, late of the town and county of Newport, at the time of his decease, had in and to a certain Lot of Land, with a Building thereon standing, situate in said Newport, and bounded as follows, viz.—Northerly on Poplar street, easterly on Thomas st. southerly on land of G. W. Ellery, and westerly on Cross street. Conditions made known at the time and place of Sale. GEORGE C. MASON, Adm'r. Newport, Sept. 5, 1834.

FOR SALE,

A FARM in Middletown, pleasantly situated on the Western shore of the Island, formerly occupied by a man from Newport, containing 73 Acres of good land, well watered with never failing springs, divided into about 12 lots by good stone walls, with an extensive orchard, and a valuable privilege for a saw-mill.—A large, handsome two-story dwelling house, a barn 40 feet by 30 nearly new; stable and suitable out buildings, all in good repair.

The Estate is well known as one of the most delightful on the Island, the grounds near the house being ornamented with fruit trees, hedges and hycanores, and well adapted for embellishments or pleasure grounds. For terms and further particulars, enquire of GEO. A. GRAY, on the premises, or Wm. G. HAMMOND, in Newport Middletown, July 12, 1834.

If the above Estate is not disposed of previous to Wednesday Next, the 1st of October, it will on that day, at 11 o'clock A. M. be offered for sale at Public Auction, on the premises. Conditions made known at the time & place. Middletown, Sept. 26.

NOTICE.

THE STREET COMMISSIONERS hereby give notice, that the Subscribers in front of the following Estates, will be LET at Public Auction, to the lowest bidder, on MONDAY, the 13th of October next, to-wit:

The front of the Estate of Latham Thurston, dec.—Do. the Ferguson Estate.—Do. Estate of Andrew V. Allen, dec.—Do. Estate of Widow of Joseph Thurston.—Do. Estate of Mrs. Mumford.—The Kelley Estate.—Estate of Mrs. Wickham.—Estate of Mrs. Byre.—Estate of Mrs. Keel.—The Jeffers Estate.—Estate of Eliza Sumner.

A. S. COE, } Street
RUSSEL CLARKE, } Commis-
DAVID BRAYMAN, } sioners.
Newport Sept. 20, 1834.

FOR SALE.

A Valuable ESTATE in Thames Street, next south of the Brick-market.—It is one of the best stands in Newport for almost any kind of business.—For terms which will be liberal, apply to JONATHAN T. ALMY or the Subscriber. SAMUEL WATSON. Newport, Aug. 9.

APPLICANTS.

FOR LEWS in the Spring Street Church, will please call on Mr. Gould, who has charge of the fees, now remaining unoccupied. By order of the Committee, S. CAHOONE, Sec'y. Newport, August 9.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners on the Estate of Col. HENRY SHERBURNE, late of Newport, dec. give notice that they will hold their final meeting to decide on Claims, at the Store of SAMUEL BARKER, on Saturday, Sept. 27th, at 7 o'clock P. M.

JOHN STEVENS, } Comm'r.
SAMUEL BARKER, }
JOHN V. HAMMETT }

Newport, August 23

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the Town of Portsmouth, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the Creditors against the Estate of

DR. CASTILLO HAMLIN, late resident of Portsmouth, Physician, dec. represented insolvent, do hereby give notice, that six months from the date hereof are allowed to the Creditors of said Estate to bring in and prove their claims, and that we will attend at the House of Gardner, Thomas, on the last Saturday of November, and the first Saturday in Dec. at 2 o'clock P. M. or the purpose of receiving the same. GARDNER THOMAS, } Commis's.
RICHARD SHEARMAN, Jr. }
SAMUEL ANTHONY, }
All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to OLIVER D. GREENE, Adm'r. Portsmouth, June 9, 1834.

Newport Brewery.

THE Subscriber having taken the Agency of the BREWERY, formerly carried on by Mr. Thomas Evans, will have constantly on hand, after the 13th inst. Brown Ale, of superior quality, in 11bbls, 6bbls, half bbls, or kegs which will be sold on the most accommodating terms.—All orders sent to the undersigned, will have immediate attention, and be promptly executed.

HENRY WOOD.

N. B.—Yeast can be had at all times, and Grains on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, in the afternoon, at 8 cents per bushel.

Newport, Sept. 7

Morrison's Hygeian VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINE

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That SAMUEL YOUNG having given assurance of his conviction in the Hygeian Theory of Physiology, as developed by the British College of Health, London; and having furnished the necessary security against counterfeits, is appointed Sole Agent for vending the HYGEIAN VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINES AND PUBLICATIONS, in and for the State of Rhode Island.

In confirmation whereof I have this fourth day of January, 1833, set my hand.

H. SHEPARDMOAT.

Sole General Hygeian Agent for the U. S. of America, Smith-street, Brooklyn, L. I.

Notarizing, that I have appointed the following gentlemen as Agents for vending Morrison's Hygeian Universal Medicines in this State, to wit:—Mr. Reuel H. Barker of Warren, Mr. David Melville, of Newport Messrs. George Hammond & Co. Wickford Mr. Jefferson L. Kimball, Coventry and James B. Ferree, in East Greenwich, May 4, 1833. SAM'L YOUNG

The Subscriber being appointed Sole Agent for Vending MORRISON'S HYGEIAN UNIVERSAL MEDICINES, for the State of Rhode Island, hereby gives notice, that no other person will be authorized to vend said Medicines in this city;—but for the accommodation of the public, I have appointed agents in different parts of the State,—and to guard the public against impositions, they may be assured, that should any Medicines be offered for sale in this State, purporting to be Morrison's Hygeian Universal Medicines, by any person except myself, or my authorized agents, that they will be counterfeits.

SAMUEL YOUNG,

No. 107, Westminster-street.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As some unprincipled wretches in this, and other States, are imposing on the public, by vending a spurious article, purporting to be Morrison's Vegetable Hygeian Universal Medicines, of the British College of Health, London, by which nefarious practice, they not only defraud the public of their money, but jeopardize not only their healths, but the lives of the credulous who are made dupes of their impostures:—And in order to counteract the nefarious practice of those unprincipled wretches, his is to give notice that a new label is attached to each and every package of the genuine Pills, which must be signed by every State agent, and also by a sub-agent, when sold by him, and should any pills be offered for sale in this State, purporting to be Morrison's Vegetable Hygeian Universal Medicines, of the British College of Health, London, without my signature, and the signature of a sub-agent, when sold by him, that they will be counterfeits; and the public are respectfully requested to preserve the labels on each box, in order to detect impostures.

SAM'L YOUNG,

Agent for the State of R.I.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers hereby give notice, That they have been duly appointed, and taken upon themselves the trust of Executors to the last Will and Testament of

JOSHUA PECKHAM, ESQ.

Eate of Newport, yeoman, deceased, by giving bonds as the law directs; they therefore request all persons who are indebted to the said deceased's Estate, to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to

PHILIP PECKHAM, Middletown.

THOMAS J. PECKHAM, Newport

Newport, June 6, 1834.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

For the Newport and Boston Mail Stage.

Via Fall-River and Taunton.

FARE TO BOSTON, \$3.

LEAVES TURNER'S Coffee-House, Newport, every day, Sundays excepted, at 7 o'clock A. M. dines in Taunton at 1 o'clock, arrives in Boston at 7 o'clock P. M.—Leaves Weymouth, at 11 o'clock A. M. dines in Taunton at 1 o'clock, arrives in Newport at 7 o'clock P. M.—Fare through \$3.

Passengers wishing to go to Plymouth are informed that they can go by this Line on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and arrive in Plymouth at 6 1/2 o'clock P. M.—Leaves Plymouth Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 1/2 o'clock A. M. and arrives in Newport at 7 o'clock P. M.—Fare \$4.

This Stage is connected with the New-Bedford Stage at Fall River.—Leaves Fall River every day, Sundays excepted, and arrives in New-Bedford at 11 o'clock.—Leaves New-Bedford every day, Sundays excepted, at 11 o'clock.—Fare \$2.

Passengers wishing to go to Fall River, can have 6 hours in Fall-River, and return same evening.

Extra Coaches furnished at all times, and on reasonable terms.

R. E. KINSLEY, Agent.

Newport, July 12, 1834.

ALL Persons having demands against the Subscriber, will please to render the same on or before the 10th of Sept.

J. A. GRACE.

Newport, August 23.

SHEET ZINC, For the Roofs of Buildings.

THE Subscribers, as Agents for CROCKER, BROTHERS & Co. of Taunton, will contract to furnish the above article at short notice, in such quantities as are wanted, and give the buyer any needful information—specimens of the kind of covering may be seen at Mr. S. BELL's new Stone building, Broad Street.—Apply to

GEORGE ENGS & Co.

Newport, August 9.

LEATHER AGENCY

J. C. SHAW informs the Public, that he has opened a Store for the sale of New-York and Philadelphia LEATHER, of various qualities, consisting of Slaughter and Spanish Sole, hemlock and oak tan, from inferior and low priced, to the first quality—and will keep a constant supply on hand, and sell for Cash, or approved Notes payable at Bank at the lowest fair prices.

Dealers and Manufacturers in this important article in Town and Country, may do well to call and judge for themselves.

J. C. SHAW, Agent.

Newport, August 30.

BEDS & MATTRESSES.

ALFRED BARKER

At No. 62, Thames Street, four doors N. E. of the Bank of Rhode Island.

KEEPS constantly for Sale, a good Assortment of Feather BEDS, and curled hair, rattan, cotton and straw Mattresses, as cheap as can be purchased in New-York, Boston, or this State, of equal quality.

Also for Sale; American and Russian goose and fowl Feathers.

N. B.—Down and feather Beds, Mattresses and Cushions, of any description made to order, at short notice.

Newport, July 12.

ZION CHURCH.

THE PEWS in Zion Church, which are not yet sold or rented, may be purchased or hired, on application to either of the Committee for the sale of Pews.

Stephen T. Northam,

Samuel Whitehorse,

George Knowles,

Jacob Smith,

Charles H. Mumford,

Wm. C. Cozens

Newport, June 28.

FOR SALE.

THAT Valuable and pleasant ESTATE on the Point, formerly the residence of Capt. Chris. R. Perry, dec.—If not previously disposed of at private sale, the same will be sold at Public Auction, on the 20th day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M. in the Court House, at Newport, R. I.

For terms, &c. apply to

GEORGE TURNER

Newport, August 9.

TO LET

And Possession given on the 1st of June.

HAT pleasantly situated Estate at the South part of Thames Street, formerly owned by Capt. Robert Robinson, and now occupied by C. D. Wolfe, Esq.—The premises consists of a large convenient Dwelling House, Garden, stable, &c.—For terms, apply to

ROBINSON POTTER.

Newport, May 3.

FOR SALE.

THE Estate of the Subscriber, situated in Washington street.—The premises consist of an ample Lot, with extensive water and wharfing privilege; a garden, large yard, unfailing well of excellent water, and a commodious Dwelling House of acknowledged superiority of structure, in perfect repair.—The water Lot extends to the channel, and was formerly the site of a wharf extending to high water 400 feet, with two stacks of stores of 80 feet in length each. The situation is equally eligible for a gentleman who is merely desirous of enjoying the advantages of our summer climate, sea-bathing, &c. or of one who looks as a merchant, for a situation for the East-India, whaling, or other similar business. As to sea-bathing, it affords every convenience, and has every benefit of pure ocean water, without the danger and inconvenience of surf.

For terms, &c. which will be liberal but definite, apply on the premises to

WILLIAM HUNTER.

Newport, July 6.

FOR SALE.

HAT well-known Farm, called the Malbone Garden, situated one mile from the State-House in Newport, containing about 130 Acres, with a valuable privilege for sea manure, and a great variety of fruit trees;—it is well watered with never failing springs.—The Garden is too well known to need a more particular description.—For further information, enquire of DAVID BAXTER, near the premises, or of the Subscribers at Nantucket.

DAVID BAXTER,

PAUL WEST,

July 20, 1833.

New Spring Goods.

Edward F. Newton,

Has received This Day,

A RICH AND EXTENSIVE AS-

SORTMENT OF

Fashionable DRY GOODS

Adapted to the approaching Season,—

which will be sold on very liberal terms.

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N E W SPRING GOODS; APRIL 26, 1834

WM. C. COZZENS, & Co. OPENED ON MONDAY LAST,

THEIR additional supply of Spring patterns—desirable DRY GOODS, selected with great care during the past week in New-York—consisting of a very extensive variety of every article in demand, to which they respectfully invite the attention of Purchasers, assuring them that the prices will be as low, (as Goods of equal quality) can be found in this town.

THEIR CARPETING ROOM,

Has also been replenished with a handsome selection of Fine, Superfine, Ingrain and Canvas CARPETS,--Tatted and Brussels Hearth Rugs--Printed Bookings, &c. &c. making as fine an Assortment as can be found in the State, and as low.

A L S O,

10 Pieces 4-4 Straw MATTING,

10 do. 5-4 do. Do.

6 do. 6-4 do. Do.

Bought at Auction in New York, last week, and will be sold at a very low price.

Those who are in want of a cheap covering for their floors, will do well to call.

Grocery Store.

S. A. ROBINSON.

Has just received, and offers for Sale

AT THE STORE IN THE

Merchants Bank Building

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries,

Which,--including a supply of, Tene

rich Cherry, dry and sweet Malaga

brown Sherry, Port, Claret, Rouillon